RUBY Project **RUBY** Robust and reliable general management tool for performance and durability improvement of fuel cell stationary units

MDPC PLATFORM FOR ON-FIELD EIS OF FUEL CELLS AND ELECTROLYSERS

ENNIO ANDREA ADINOLFI, GIOVANNI SPAGNUOLO (UNISA)

GIUSEPPE CATONA, CARLO TANZI (BITRON)







- Context and Framework
- Objectives and Challenges
- From Lab to on-field application
- EIS injection strategies
 - Switching converter-based actuation
 - EIS perturbation add-on
- Diagnostic tool evolution
- Conclusions



MDPC platform for on-field EIS of fuel cells and electrolysers

CONTEXT AND FRAMEWORK













insight

2020 2021

reac(tt)

RU

MDPC platform for on-field EIS of fuel cells and electrolysers

OBJECTIVES AND CHALLENGES



Objectives and Challenges



- Different hardware
- Significant or minor changes to existing hardware
- > EIS-oriented stimuli injection is the major issue
- Measurements accuracy
- Market/industries sensibility





MDPC platform for on-field eis of fuel cells and electrolysers

FROM LAB TO ON-FIELD APPLICATION



RUBY EIS principle and Lab implementation

















MDPC platform for on-field eis of fuel cells and electrolysers

EIS INJECTION STRATEGIES

EIS perturbation injection strategies RIBY

Switching converter-based actuation



EIS perturbation injection through add-on hardware



Funded by the EU Fuel Cell and Hydrogen 2 Joint Undertaking (now Clean Hydrogen Partnership) - H2020 Programme Grant Agreement Number 875047







DECODE



Switching converter-based actuation







Switching converter-based actuation





Challenging issues & drawbacks

Ensure communication, through a suitable protocol, with the DC/DC converter controller/processor

DC/DC converter control-to-input transfer function with a suitable

Control-to-input transfer function depends on:

➤converter input filter

- ≻switching frequency
- ➤ converter control loops







RUBY Switching converter-based actuation



Designed, engineered and developed converters





Boost topology (15-60V up to **380V**) Three interleaved legs (lower input ripple) Hard switching: 9-18 kHz (preferred 18 kHz) Current reversible topology: EIS analysis when the DC current of the FC is zero 600 V IGBTs with SiC diodes (high efficiency)



RUBY Switching converter-based actuation



Designed, engineered and developed converters







Stack voltage range [15 V, 60 V] Output DC voltage **48 V** Rated power 1.8 kW

Non inverting step-up/step-down DC/DC converter: coupled inductors SEPIC (Single Ended Primary Inductor Converter) topology.









Designed, engineered and developed converters





Comparison among data acquired through **laboratory** equipments, high voltage DC/DC converter and low voltage DC/DC converter.





Frequency [Hz]



Funded by the EU Fuel Cell and Hydrogen 2 Joint Undertaking (now Clean Hydrogen Partnership) – H2020 Programme Grant Agreement Number 875047

Switching converter-based actuation

Designed, engineered and developed converters

230 V inverter

DC Input current range: 0-45A (step 1 A)

Rated power 1.2 kW

Stimulus frequency range 0.05Hz to 2000Hz

Stimulus amplitude range 0-10% of the DC current











Switching converter-based actuation



















 Z_{real} [$\Omega.cm^2$ /cell]





Switching converter-based actuation



Kang Figure 1@raspberrypi

- dit



Post-elaboration of data has been significantly improved First project of SOFC, thus the frequency range was suitably modified

(0.1 Hz up to 12 kHz, higher frequency limit)







 \times

RUBY Switching converter-based actuation







- Imag Z $[\Omega]$

Clean Hydrogen Partnership

MDPC platform for on-field eis of fuel cells and electrolysers

EIS PERTURBATION ADD-ON



RUBY EIS perturbation injection strategies



Additional circuitry injecting the stimulus



Advantages

➤no modifications of the DC/DC converter needed

≻adaptation to any fuel cell system

RUBY reac(tt)



RUBY EIS perturbation injection strategies



Additional circuitry injecting the stimulus



Challenges and drawbacks

- ≻overall conversion efficiency reduced
- ≻generality of application that is only apparent
- bulky and heavy / difficult integration

≻even more complicated design in case of reversible FC

RUBY reac(tt)



MDPC platform for on-field eis of fuel cells and electrolysers

DIAGNOSTIC TOOL EVOLUTION



> supervise stimuli injection

start/stop stimuli injection, injection duration, stimulus amplitude and frequency

direct interaction with the power electronics controller through Ethernet TCP/IP channel (formerly PWM and CAN)

>Analog Front End (AFE) for stack current and voltage signal acquisition

Acquisition of BOP variables for continuous monitoring functions implementation

Diagnostic tool evolution

















Main specifications Analog Front End • 1x analog input, stack voltage • 1x analog input, stack current • Resolution: 24bit

Digital I/O and communication • 2x digital I/O • 2x Ethernet port • 1x USB port • 1x RS-485 port • 1x CAN port

Mechanical and EMCMetallic enclosure



EIS device prototypes available







Main specifications Analog Front End • 1x analog input, stack voltage • 1x analog input, stack current • Resolution: 24bit

Digital I/O and communication • 2x digital I/O • 2x Ethernet port • 2x USB port

- o 1x HDMI port
- o 1x RS-485 port
- o 1x CAN port

Mechanical and EMC • Metallic enclosure





EIS device is integrated on a single board. Prototypes under validation







>Hardware for on-line EIS-based diagnosis has been the subject of investigations

Modifications of the existing DC/DC converter have been demonstrated to be effective

Implementation through a hardware add-on to be connected between stack and DC/DC converter on course

Sinusoidal and PRBS-based EIS have been implemented

▶ PEM and SOFC fuel cell systems have been tested

>application to electrolyzer/reversible systems under test









eadinolfi@unisa.it



This project has received funding from the Fuel Cells and Hydrogen 2 Joint Undertaking (now Clean Hydrogen Partnership) under Grant Agreement No 875047. This Joint Undertaking receives support from the European Union's Horizon 2020 Research and Innovation programme, Hydrogen Europe and Hydrogen Europe Research.

